

Getting your toolbox ready for ObLab 2

Due date: 2/3/2021, noon

Preparing your computational toolbox is arguably the most important first step in computational analysis of any kind. These days any image analysis can hardly be done without a computer, but a computer by itself is of no use if you don't know how to wield it. Hopefully your programming and your computational physics classes taught you the basics; in this, yet another out-of-the-ordinary semester, we will kick it up a notch and use computers as tools to reduce and analyze astronomical images acquired – unfortunately – by someone else. . . Here are a few small steps to get you in gear.

1. Generate a white noise timeseries of length 1 million with mean 1 and standard deviation 0.1.
2. Overplot histograms with 10, 20, 50, 100 and 200 bins. Label everything appropriately and make the plot visually appealing and legible.
3. Run autocorrelation on the timeseries and figure out if there are any interesting peaks.
4. How many 1-, 2-, 3-, 4- and 5- σ outliers do you expect? How many are there in the timeseries? Re-generate the timeseries several times and re-evaluate these numbers. Which ones change more and why?
5. Plot a cumulative function for the timeseries and fit a line to it using least squares. What is the significance of the slope and of the intercept?
6. Generate a 1000×1000 image and put a nice 2-D pattern of your choice in it. Now run a handful of 3×3 filters over it. Look up *kernels* in image processing for an inspiration.